

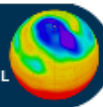


Data Without Peer: Examples of Data Peer Review in the Earth Sciences

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*and many others, including members of the PREPARDE, OpenAIREplus and NERC data citation and publication project teams

LCPD 2014



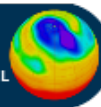


Why peer review data?

- **Peer-review** of a scientific publication is generally only applied to **analysis, interpretation and conclusions**, and **not the underlying data**.
- But if the conclusions are valid, the **data must be of good quality**.
- We need **quality assurance** of the data underlying research publications – either through peer-review or data repository checking.
- Researchers need **credit** for creating, managing and opening their data.
- For “Big Data” communities data checking happens as part of the sharing and archiving process, along with credit mechanisms for the data producers.



- Data journals provide academic credit for researchers in small groups, in an environment where academic status is solely based on publication record.



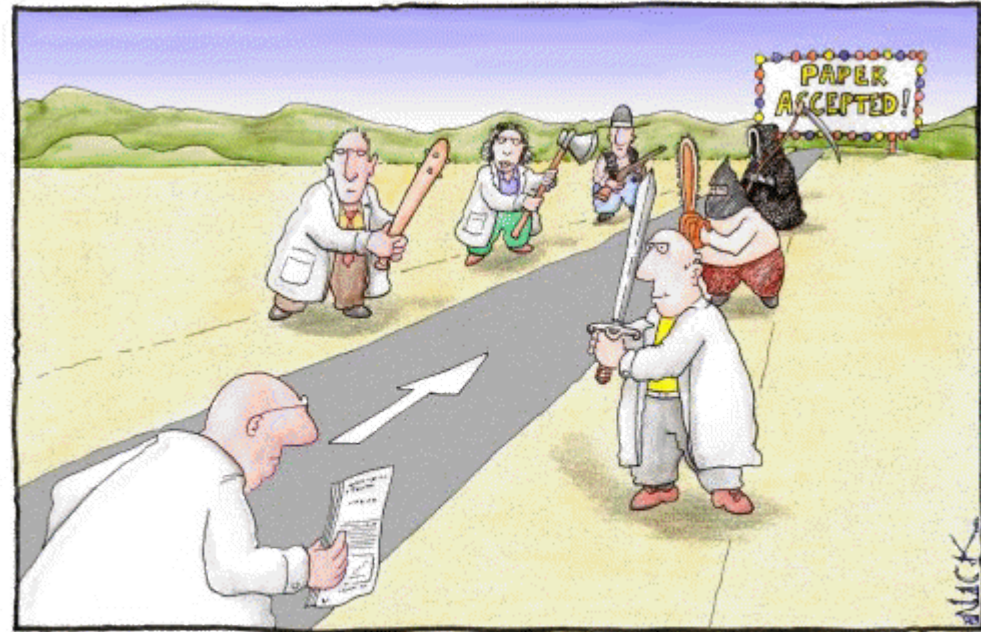
How to peer review data

The process will vary across domains.

Standardised set of questions to guide the reviewer's thoughts.

Some portions of the review can be carried out by the journal editorial assistant, or the data repository manager hosting the data.

Many questions deal with fundamental issues regarding the accessibility of the data and understandability of the metadata



Most scientists regarded the new streamlined peer-review process as 'quite an improvement.'

<http://libguides.luc.edu/content.php?pid=5464&sid=164619>

“Will I be able to use and understand this data in the future?”

Finding the datasets

[Options](#) | [Advanced Search](#)
[Options](#) | [Advanced Search](#) | [About Us](#) | [Contact](#) | [Help](#)

About 2,000,000,000

Metadata Search beta

Metadata Search beta

DataCite

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Data of August 2014 and September 2014 was compared with the average rainfall data of these months, which showed that monsoon activity ...

Active filters (✖ clear all): **resourceType** Dataset

7805 documents found in 109ms

Page 1 of 781

GPCC Climatology Version 2011 at 0.25°: Monthly Land-Surface Precipitation Climatology for Every Month and the Total Year from # 1
Rain-Gauges built on GTS-based and Historic Data
Globally Gridded Monthly Totals

[version 2011]

doi:10.5676/DWD_GPCC/CLIM_M_V2011_025 Dataset : grid

Meyer-Christoffer, Anja • Becker, Andreas • Finger, Peter • Rudolf, Bruno • Schneider, Udo • (et. al.)

title: GPCC Climatology Version 2011 at 0.25°: Monthly Land-Surface Precipitation Climatology for Every

description: This is the GPCC Precipitation Climatology providing the mean monthly global land

publisher: Global Precipitation Climatology Centre (GPCC)

GPCC Climatology Version 2011 at 0.5°: Monthly Land-Surface Precipitation Climatology for Every Month and the Total Year from # 2
Rain-Gauges built on GTS-based and Historic Data
Globally Gridded Monthly Totals

[version 2011]

doi:10.5676/DWD_GPCC/CLIM_M_V2011_050 Dataset : grid

Meyer-Christoffer, Anja • Becker, Andreas • Finger, Peter • Rudolf, Bruno • Schneider, Udo • (et. al.)

title: GPCC Climatology Version 2011 at 0.5°: Monthly Land-Surface Precipitation Climatology for Every

description: This is the GPCC Precipitation Climatology providing the mean monthly global land

publisher: Global Precipitation Climatology Centre (GPCC)

GPCC Climatology Version 2011 at 1.0°: Monthly Land-Surface Precipitation Climatology for Every Month and the Total Year from # 3
Rain-Gauges built on GTS-based and Historic Data
Globally Gridded Monthly Totals

[version 2011]

doi:10.5676/DWD_GPCC/CLIM_M_V2011_100 Dataset : grid

Meyer-Christoffer, Anja • Becker, Andreas • Finger, Peter • Rudolf, Bruno • Schneider, Udo • (et. al.)

title: GPCC Climatology Version 2011 at 1.0°: Monthly Land-Surface Precipitation Climatology for Every

description: This is the GPCC Precipitation Climatology providing the mean monthly global land

publisher: Global Precipitation Climatology Centre (GPCC)

GPCC Climatology Version 2011 at 2.5°: Monthly Land-Surface Precipitation Climatology for Every Month and the Total Year from # 4
Rain-Gauges built on GTS-based and Historic Data
Globally Gridded Monthly Totals

[version 2011]

doi:10.5676/DWD_GPCC/CLIM_M_V2011_250 Dataset : grid

Meyer-Christoffer, Anja • Becker, Andreas • Finger, Peter • Rudolf, Bruno • Schneider, Udo • (et. al.)

title: GPCC Climatology Version 2011 at 2.5°: Monthly Land-Surface Precipitation Climatology for Every

description: This is the GPCC Precipitation Climatology providing the mean monthly global land

publisher: Global Precipitation Climatology Centre (GPCC)

GPCC Drought Index Product (GPCC_DI) at 1.0°: Globally Gridded Drought Index with averaging periods 1,3,6,9,12,24,48 months # 5
Gridded Monthly Drought Index

doi:10.5676/DWD_GPCC/DI_M_100 Dataset : dynamic dataset

After Rain

[version 2]



**National Centre for
Earth Observation**
NATURAL ENVIRONMENT RESEARCH COUNCIL



My biases

My background is the space-time variability of rain fields

- hence choosing rain and precipitation datasets

I didn't choose any datasets from the NERC data centres

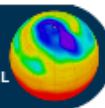
Choices of datasets to review were made based on what I thought would be interesting examples.

- results are not statistically valid!

Data producers probably didn't expect their data to be reviewed like this either.



<http://www.fastcompany.com/3019903/work-smart/8-subconscious-mistakes-our-brains-make-every-day-and-how-to-avoid-them>





Editorial questions

- Does the dataset have a permanent identifier?
 - Yes, a DOI.
- Does it have a landing page (or README file or similar) with additional information/metadata, which allows you to determine that this is indeed the dataset you're looking for?
- Is it in an accredited/trusted repository?
- Is the dataset accessible? If not, are the terms and conditions for access clearly defined?

If the answer to any of these is “No” – dataset should be rejected without sending for review.

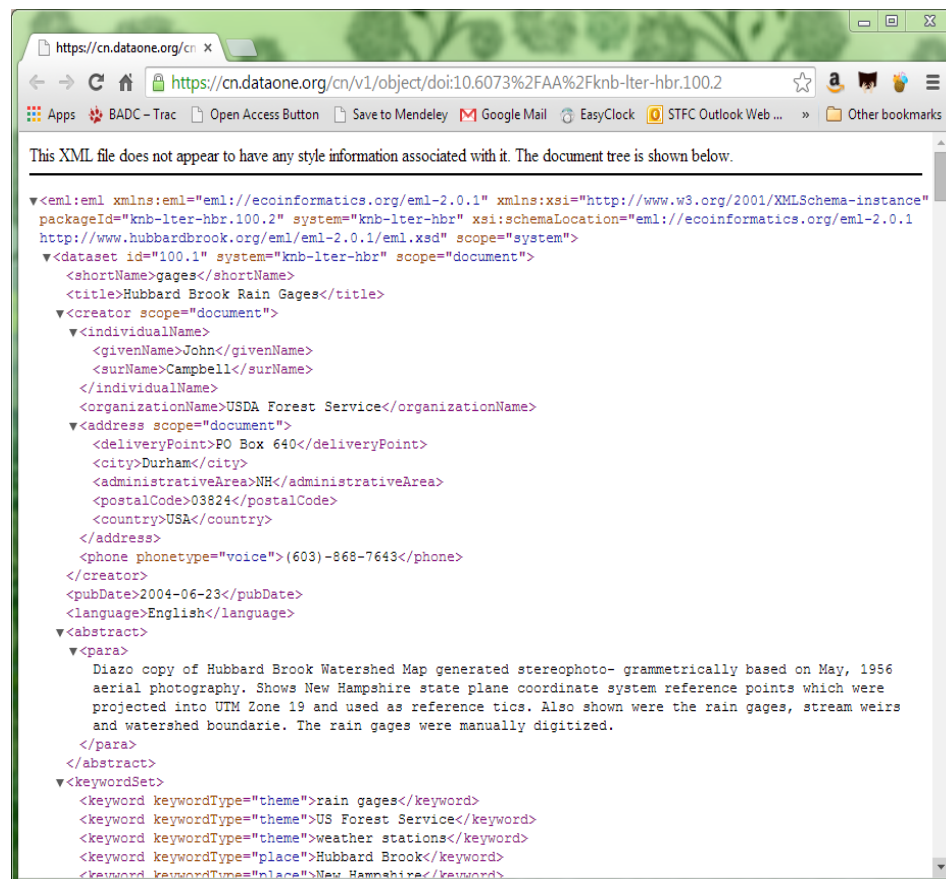


Dataset 1: Hubbard Brook Rain Gages

Citation: Campbell, John; (2004): Hubbard Brook Rain Gages; USDA Forest Service. <http://dx.doi.org/10.6073/AA/KNB-LTER-HBR.100.2>

Landing page?	Yes
Trusted repository?	DataONE hosting the landing page, data being held by Hubbard Brook Ecosystem Study, part of the USDA Forest Service.
Accessible dataset?	The link in the “download” section takes you to an executable file! Other links are broken. Large chunks of text dealing with Acceptable Use, Redistribution and Citation

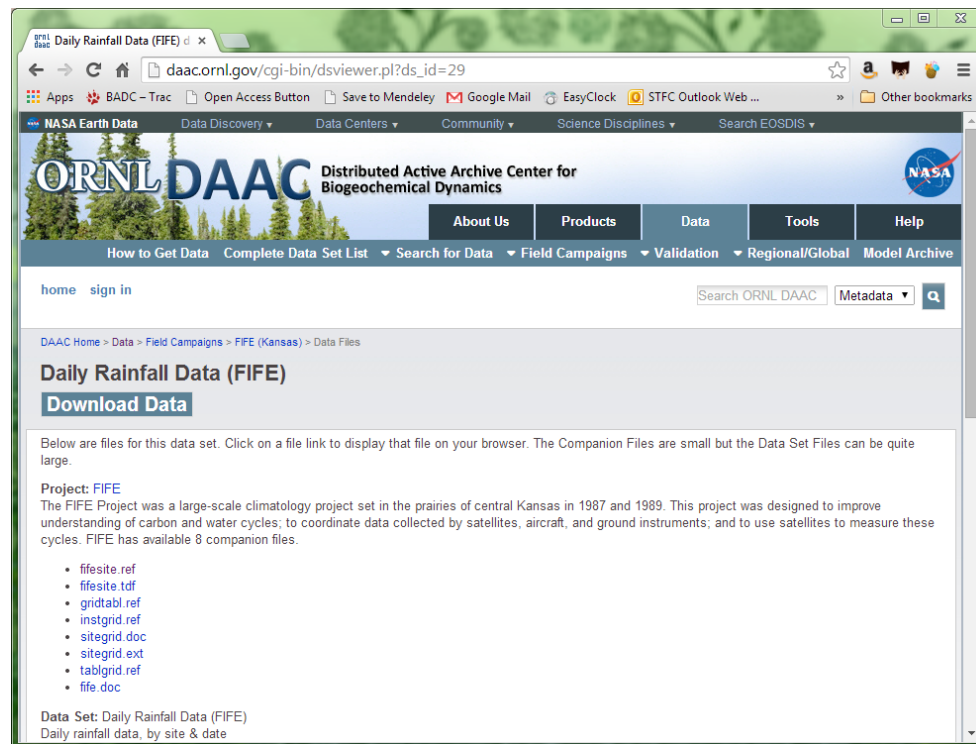
Verdict: Revise and resubmit.
(I wouldn't even send it to a reviewer as it is)



Dataset 2: Daily Rainfall Data (FIFE)

Citation: HUENNRICH, K.F.; BRIGGS, J.M.; (1994): Daily Rainfall Data (FIFE); ORNL Distributed Active Archive Center. <http://dx.doi.org/10.3334/ORNLDAAC/29>

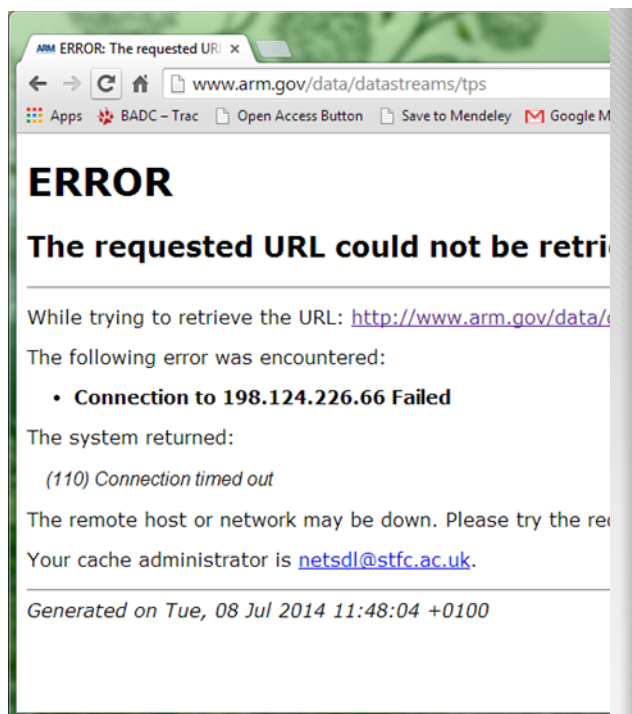
Landing page?	Yes
Trusted repository?	I know ORNL DAAC, the federation, but haven't worked with the Biogeochemical Dynamics group
Accessible dataset?	Need to sign in to download the data. Confusing list of files underneath the "Download Data" button, with the caption "Below are files for this dataset". Further down the page is "Download Data Set Files: (1.0 MBytes in 89 Files)" (with no hyperlink to click on), which seems to suggest that the files on the page aren't the data.



Verdict: Don't know!
Access restrictions put reviewers off.

Dataset 3: ARM: Total Precipitation Sensor

Citation: Jessica, Cherry; (2006): ARM: Total Precipitation Sensor; Not Available.
<http://dx.doi.org/10.5439/1025305>



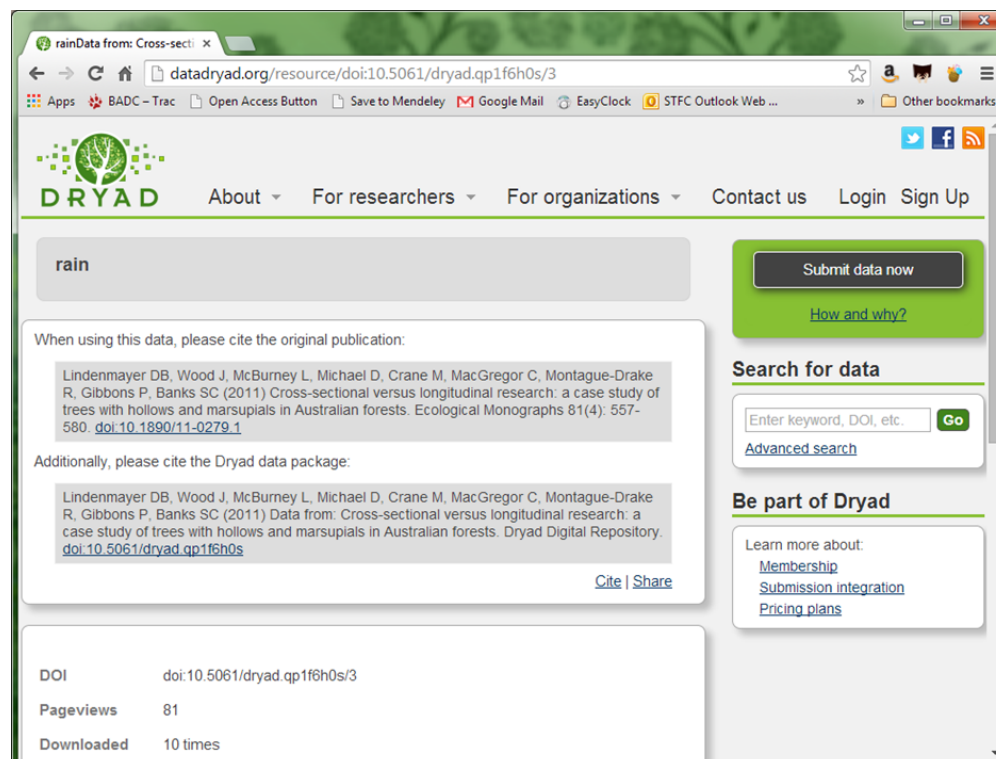
Verdict: Reject!

If the DOI doesn't resolve, it is for review.

Dataset 4: rain

Citation: Lindenmayer, David B.; Wood, Jeff; McBurney, Lachlan; Michael, Damian; Crane, Mason; MacGregor, Christopher; Montague-Drake, Rebecca; Gibbons, Philip; Banks, Sam C.; (2011): rain; Dryad Digital Repository. <http://dx.doi.org/10.5061/DRYAD.QP1F6H0S/3>

Landing page?	Yes
Trusted repository?	Yes
Accessible dataset?	Yes, both the data file rain.csv and the readme.txt file are both clearly found on the page and are easily downloadable.
Access terms and conditions appropriate?	Yes. “To the extent possible under law, the authors have waived all copyright and related or neighboring rights to this data.” CC-zero and Open Data logos next to that text

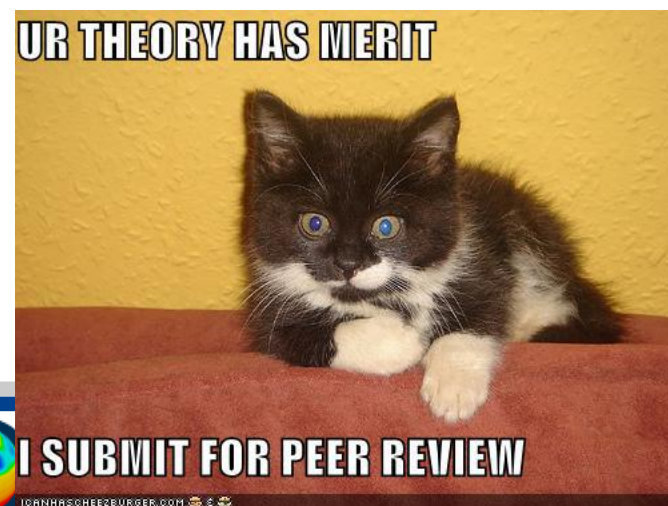


The screenshot shows the Dryad Digital Repository landing page for the 'rain' dataset. The page includes the Dryad logo, navigation links (About, For researchers, For organizations, Contact us, Login, Sign Up), and a search bar. The main content area displays the dataset title 'rain' and a citation for the original publication: Lindenmayer DB, Wood J, McBurney L, Michael D, Crane M, MacGregor C, Montague-Drake R, Gibbons P, Banks SC (2011) Cross-sectional versus longitudinal research: a case study of trees with hollows and marsupials in Australian forests. Ecological Monographs 81(4): 557-580. doi:10.1890/11-0279.1. Below this, it provides the Dryad data package citation: Lindenmayer DB, Wood J, McBurney L, Michael D, Crane M, MacGregor C, Montague-Drake R, Gibbons P, Banks SC (2011) Data from: Cross-sectional versus longitudinal research: a case study of trees with hollows and marsupials in Australian forests. Dryad Digital Repository. doi:10.5061/dryad.qp1f6h0s. The page also features a 'Submit data now' button, a 'Search for data' section, and a 'Be part of Dryad' section with links for Membership, Submission integration, and Pricing plans. At the bottom, it shows the DOI (doi:10.5061/dryad.qp1f6h0s/3), Pageviews (81), and Downloads (10 times).

Dataset 4: rain

Format acceptable?	Yes - csv
Can I open the files?	Yes
Proprietary software? including version number?	Not applicable
Metadata appropriate?	The metadata is in the readme.txt file and is a simple sentence: "rain.csv contains rainfall in mm for each month at Marysville, Victoria from January 1995 to February 2009". This is not enough metadata.
Unexplained/ non-standard acronyms in the dataset title/ metadata?	The dataset title is just "rain", which is not very helpful at all to any potential users. On the landing page, it does show clearly that this particular dataset is, in fact, part of another larger data package

Data calibrated and calibration supplied?	Don't know
Data flagged with explanation?	Yes – null flags, but no explanation
Metadata about how/why the data was collected?	Not in the readme file, or on the landing page itself. Maybe in the paper associated with this data package – which is paywalled
Variable names defined with units?	Not in the csv file itself, but there is a little bit of information in the readme.txt file



Dataset 4: rain

Citation: Lindenmayer, David B.; Wood, Jeff; McBurney, Lachlan; Michael, Damian; Crane, Mason; MacGregor, Christopher; Montague-Drake, Rebecca; Gibbons, Philip; Banks, Sam C.; (2011): rain; Dryad Digital Repository. <http://dx.doi.org/10.5061/DRYAD.QP1F6H0S/3>

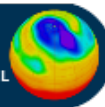
Can data be reused?	Yes, but only because it's such a simple measurement. Though providing the latitude and longitude of the site would have made it far more useful.
Data of value?	Yes – but only because it's observational and can't be repeated
Obvious mistakes?	No.
Data within expected ranges	Yes
Relationship between multiple data variables clear?	Not applicable

Verdict: Revise and resubmit

Small part of a research project not really looking at rain.
Yet data could be amalgamated with other datasets to make them more useful.
Title needs more detail, as does metadata – especially calibration, type of gauge, latitude and longitude



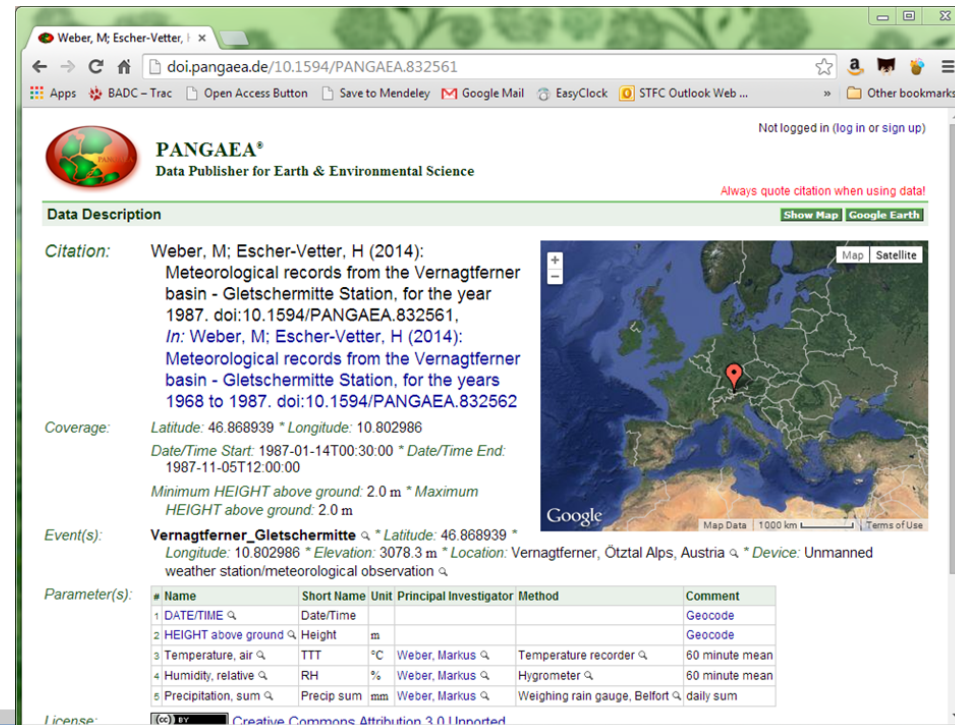
A Brief Pause



Dataset 5: Meteorological records from the Vernagtferner basin - Gletschermitte Station, for the year 1987

Citation: Weber, Markus; Escher-Vetter, Heidi; (2014): Meteorological records from the Vernagtferner basin - Gletschermitte Station, for the year 1987; PANGAEA - Data Publisher for Earth & Environmental Science. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1594/PANGAEA.832561>

Access terms and conditions appropriate?	Yes, Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 Unported
Format acceptable?	Yes. Data is provided as tab delimited text in a choice of standards.
Metadata appropriate?	Yes . Though there are gaps in the series that you'll only see by looking at the data – it would have been good to have these gaps identified in the metadata.



The screenshot shows the PANGAEA dataset page for 'Vernagtferner_Gletschermitte'. The page includes a citation, coverage information, and a list of parameters. The citation is: Weber, M; Escher-Vetter, H (2014): Meteorological records from the Vernagtferner basin - Gletschermitte Station, for the year 1987. doi:10.1594/PANGAEA.832561. The coverage information includes latitude, longitude, date/time start/end, and minimum/maximum height above ground. The parameters table lists various meteorological measurements such as date/time, height, temperature, humidity, and precipitation.

PANGAEA®
Data Publisher for Earth & Environmental Science

Data Description

Citation: Weber, M; Escher-Vetter, H (2014): Meteorological records from the Vernagtferner basin - Gletschermitte Station, for the year 1987. doi:10.1594/PANGAEA.832561.
In: Weber, M; Escher-Vetter, H (2014): Meteorological records from the Vernagtferner basin - Gletschermitte Station, for the years 1968 to 1987. doi:10.1594/PANGAEA.832562

Coverage: Latitude: 46.868939 * Longitude: 10.802986
Date/Time Start: 1987-01-14T00:30:00 * Date/Time End: 1987-11-05T12:00:00
Minimum HEIGHT above ground: 2.0 m * Maximum HEIGHT above ground: 2.0 m

Event(s): Vernagtferner_Gletschermitte * Latitude: 46.868939 * Longitude: 10.802986 * Elevation: 3078.3 m * Location: Vernagtferner, Ötztal Alps, Austria * Device: Unmanned weather station/meteorological observation

Parameter(s):

Name	Short Name	Unit	Principal Investigator	Method	Comment
1 DATE/TIME	Date/Time				Geocode
2 HEIGHT above ground	Height	m			Geocode
3 Temperature, air	TTT	°C	Weber, Markus	Temperature recorder	60 minute mean
4 Humidity, relative	RH	%	Weber, Markus	Hygrometer	60 minute mean
5 Precipitation, sum	Precip sum	mm	Weber, Markus	Weighing rain gauge, Belfort	daily sum

License: CC BY Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 Unported

Dataset 5: Meteorological records from the Vernagtferner basin - Gletschermitte Station, for the year 1987

Data calibrated and calibration supplied?	No information supplied. Gauge is given as “Weighing rain gauge, Belfort”, but it would have been helpful to give a make and model, as a Google search results in several different instruments of that type.	Metadata about how/ why the data was collected?	Yes – this is a year’ s worth of data from a larger dataset spanning multiple years, all at the same location: This dataset collection also provides a link to a grey literature document, also in Pangaea
Data flagged with explanation?	The data isn’ t flagged, which caused confusion when opening the csv file in a text editor - looked like there were no relative humidity or precipitation sum values – but they are there if the user scrolls down far enough. The html view of the first 2000 lines is helpful, as it makes it easy for the user to scroll quickly through the data.		

Verdict: Accept

This dataset was the best documented and will be very useful!

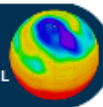


Dataset 6: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. Weather Measurements: Monthly Surface Data: Total Precipitation | Country: USA | State: South Carolina – [Data-file]

Citation: Data-Planet by Conquest Systems, Inc. (2014). National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. Weather Measurements: Monthly Surface Data: Total Precipitation | Country: USA | State: South Carolina – [Data-file], Retrieved from <http://www.data-planet.com>, Viewed: July 8, 2014. Dataset-ID: 018-002-006. doi:10.6068/DP143A169EBCB2

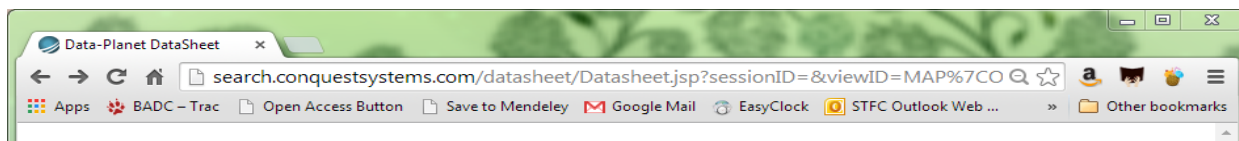
Or (DataCite citation)

Conquest System Datasheet; (2013): Average Daily Precipitation from the Weather Measurements: Monthly Surface Data Dataset shown in Inches; Conquest Systems, Inc.. <http://dx.doi.org/10.6068/DP143A169EBCB2>





Dataset 6: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. Weather Measurements: Monthly Surface Data: Total Precipitation | Country: USA | State: South Carolina – [Data-file]



Total Precipitation from the Weather Measurements: Monthly Surface Data

Country: USA | State: South Carolina

[Log In to View Charts, Trends, Maps of the data or to Download the Data](#)

Category:

Natural Resources and Environment

Source:

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

Description:

Total amount of precipitation per month and year reported by weather stations.

Dataset:

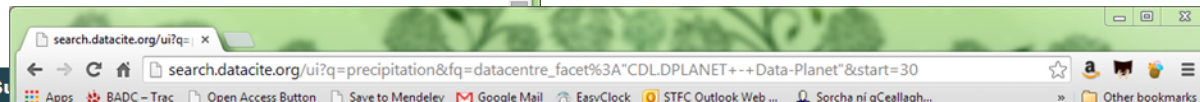
This dataset is compiled by the National Climatic Data Center from the data reported by roughly 8,000 active weather stations in the U.S. Approximately 15,000 additional data points are included with data for historical periods.

Virtually all weather stations report precipitation amounts, and 3 out of 4 stations report temperature extremes. The reporting of other indicators varies depending on the sophistication of instruments at a particular station.

Presents monthly data on temperature, atmospheric pressure, visibility, precipitation, thunderstorm and tornado activity, by State and individual weather station.

Citation:

Data-Planet by Conquest Systems, Inc. (2014). National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. Weather Measurements: Monthly Surface Data: Total Precipitation USA | State: South Carolina – [Data-file]. Retrieved from <http://www.data-planet.com>



Metadata Search beta

DataCite

precipitation

Search

Filter

allocator

prefix

resourceType

contributor

creator

publicationYear

publisher

language

Active filters (x clear all): datacentre CDL.DPLANET - Data-Planet

721 documents found in 12ms

Page 4 of 73

Average Daily Precipitation from the Weather Measurements: Monthly Surface Data Dataset shown in Inches # 31

doi:10.6068/DP13F0658E4B562

Conquest System Datasheet

title: Average Daily Precipitation from the Weather Measurements: Monthly Surface Data Dataset shown in

Average Daily Precipitation from the Weather Measurements: Monthly Surface Data Dataset shown in Inches # 32

doi:10.6068/DP13F0658F17163

Conquest System Datasheet

title: Average Daily Precipitation from the Weather Measurements: Monthly Surface Data Dataset shown in

Average Daily Precipitation from the Weather Measurements: Monthly Surface Data Dataset shown in Inches # 33

doi:10.6068/DP13F0658F6A64

Conquest System Datasheet

title: Average Daily Precipitation from the Weather Measurements: Monthly Surface Data Dataset shown in

Average Daily Precipitation from the Weather Measurements: Monthly Surface Data Dataset shown in Inches # 34

doi:10.6068/DP13F06590B2965

Conquest System Datasheet

title: Average Daily Precipitation from the Weather Measurements: Monthly Surface Data Dataset shown in

Average Daily Precipitation from the Weather Measurements: Monthly Surface Data Dataset shown in Inches # 35

doi:10.6068/DP13F065917F566

Conquest System Datasheet

title: Average Daily Precipitation from the Weather Measurements: Monthly Surface Data Dataset shown in

Average Daily Precipitation from the Weather Measurements: Monthly Surface Data Dataset shown in Inches # 36

doi:10.6068/DP13F065924FF67

Conquest System Datasheet

title: Average Daily Precipitation from the Weather Measurements: Monthly Surface Data Dataset shown in

Average Daily Precipitation from the Weather Measurements: Monthly Surface Data Dataset shown in Inches # 37

Dataset 6: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. Weather Measurements: Monthly Surface Data: Total Precipitation | Country: USA | State: South Carolina – [Data-file]

Trusted repository?	Unknown
Accessible dataset? Access terms and conditions appropriate?	<p>No and no. The text at the top of the page says “Log In to View Charts, Trends, Maps of the data or to Download the Data”. Clicking on the login link takes you to a login page where you can login if you have an existing account.</p> <p>No information on that page about how to register a new account, or even a link to a help page.</p> <p>Top level page of the site gives you a link for FAQs, where you learn that it’s a subscriber only platform, where the cost “varies according to type of institution and size of user population”.</p> <p>http://homepage.data-planet.com/faq</p>

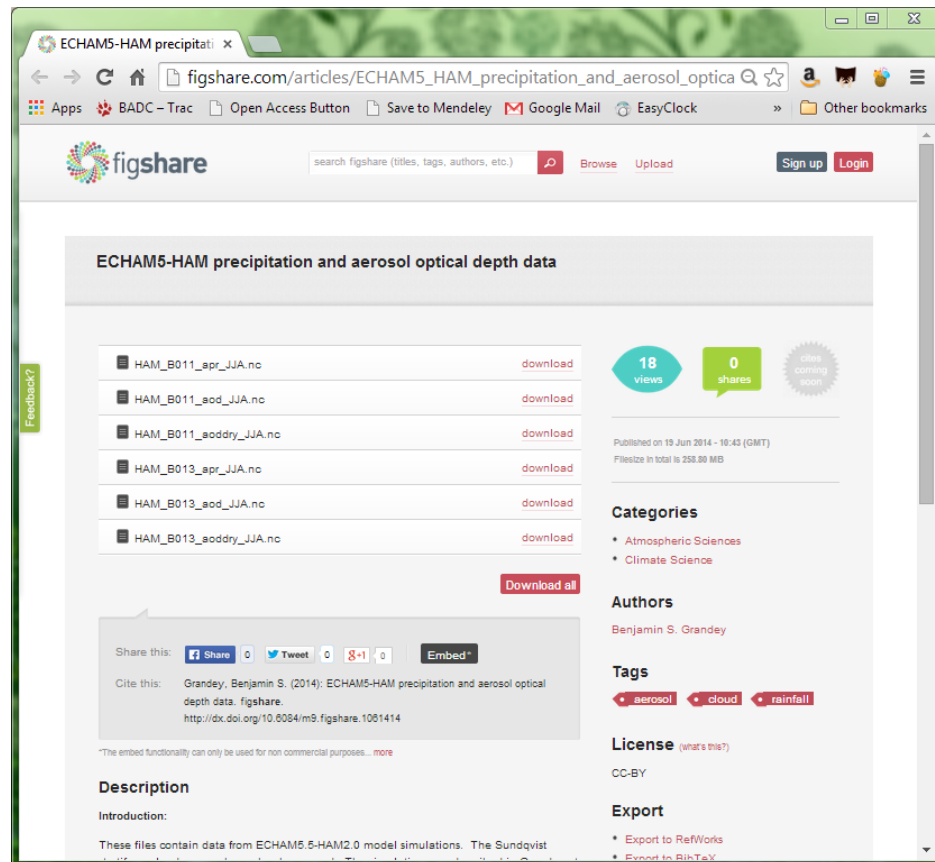
Verdict: Reject

Don’t even send out for review

Dataset 7: ECHAM5-HAM precipitation and aerosol optical depth data

Citation: Benjamin S. Grandey; (2014): ECHAM5-HAM precipitation and aerosol optical depth data; Figshare. <http://dx.doi.org/10.6084/M9.FIGSHARE.1061414>

Format acceptable?	*.nc files – assumed (rightly) to be netcdf, but not explicitly stated. Big files, so a warning would be useful before download
Proprietary software? including version number?	No information provided on dataset landing page
Metadata appropriate?	Metadata on landing page only gives a short outline of what the data is, and the naming conventions of the files. Metadata in the headers of the files, standard procedure for netcdf, which gives variable names, units etc.



The screenshot shows the Figshare landing page for the dataset "ECHAM5-HAM precipitation and aerosol optical depth data". The page includes a list of files for download, a "Download all" button, and a "Share" section with social media links. The dataset is categorized under "Atmospheric Sciences" and "Climate Science". The author is Benjamin S. Grandey. The page also displays the number of views (18) and shares (0).

Dataset 7: ECHAM5-HAM precipitation and aerosol optical depth data

Unexplained/non-standard acronyms in the dataset title/metadata?	ECHAM5.5-HAM2.0 is the model name. Citations on the dataset page to the model used and the Sundqvist stratiform cloud cover scheme would have been helpful.
Metadata about how/why the data was collected?	Only in the related paper - which is open access.
Can data be reused?	Yes – only because of the in-file metadata in the netcdf files.
Data of value?	Model data can be rerun to reproduce it. Making it available allows users to check and verify the linked papers conclusions more easily.
Obvious mistakes?	Hard to tell due to no easy to use viewer.
Expected ranges?	

Verdict: Accept

Would have been easier to review if I was more of a climate modeller.

Metadata on the landing page wasn't really enough to allow reuse.

In-file metadata is good, but requires the user to know what the file is and how to open it.

Conclusions (on a dataset level)

Dataset	Conclusion
Hubbard Brook rain gauges	Landing pages need to be human as well as machine readable.
Daily Rainfall Data (FIFE)	Access controls (especially registering to view datasets) put reviewers off.
ARM: Total Precipitation Sensor	If the DOI doesn't resolve, don't bother sending it to the reviewer.
rain	Relying on published papers to provide context and metadata for data doesn't work if they're behind a paywall.
Meteorological records from the Vernagtferner basin - Gletschermitte Station, for the year 1987	Good metadata makes reviewing so much easier. Linking the datasets to their parent collection and providing access to grey literature (project documents) also supports the reuse of the data.

Conclusions (on a dataset level)

Dataset	Conclusion
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. Weather Measurements: Monthly Surface Data: Total Precipitation Country: USA State: South Carolina – [Data-file]	Be consistent with citations and dataset metadata.
ECHAM5-HAM precipitation and aerosol optical depth data	In-file metadata is very helpful, but the dataset needs metadata about the file formats available before the user even gets to the data files.



Conclusions (overall)

Problems aren't necessarily with the datasets themselves, but the way the repository makes the data available (or not)

- Accessibility is a major issue – if a dataset isn't open to the reviewer, then it's not possible for it to be reviewed.
 - Even minor blocks could put reviewers off.
 - If important metadata for the dataset is locked in a paper behind a paywall, then that reduces the usability of the dataset.
 - Human-readable metadata is critical.
 - Peer-review won't be done by machines any time soon, so the dataset's metadata has to be open and easily readable by human reviewers..
- Linking from the dataset landing pages to other sources of metadata is helpful, but these links need to be maintained.



<http://xkcd.com/1403/>



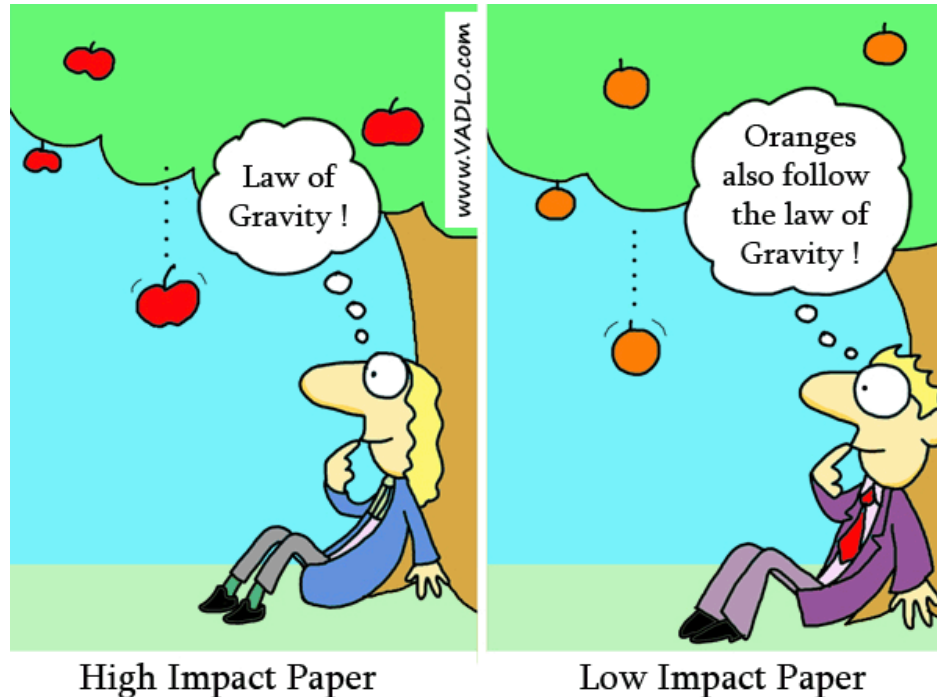
How to quantify impact?

The impact of a dataset can only be determined by time!

- Would an 18th century ship's captain have realised how important their logs of meteorological measurements would be to climate scientists in the 21st century?

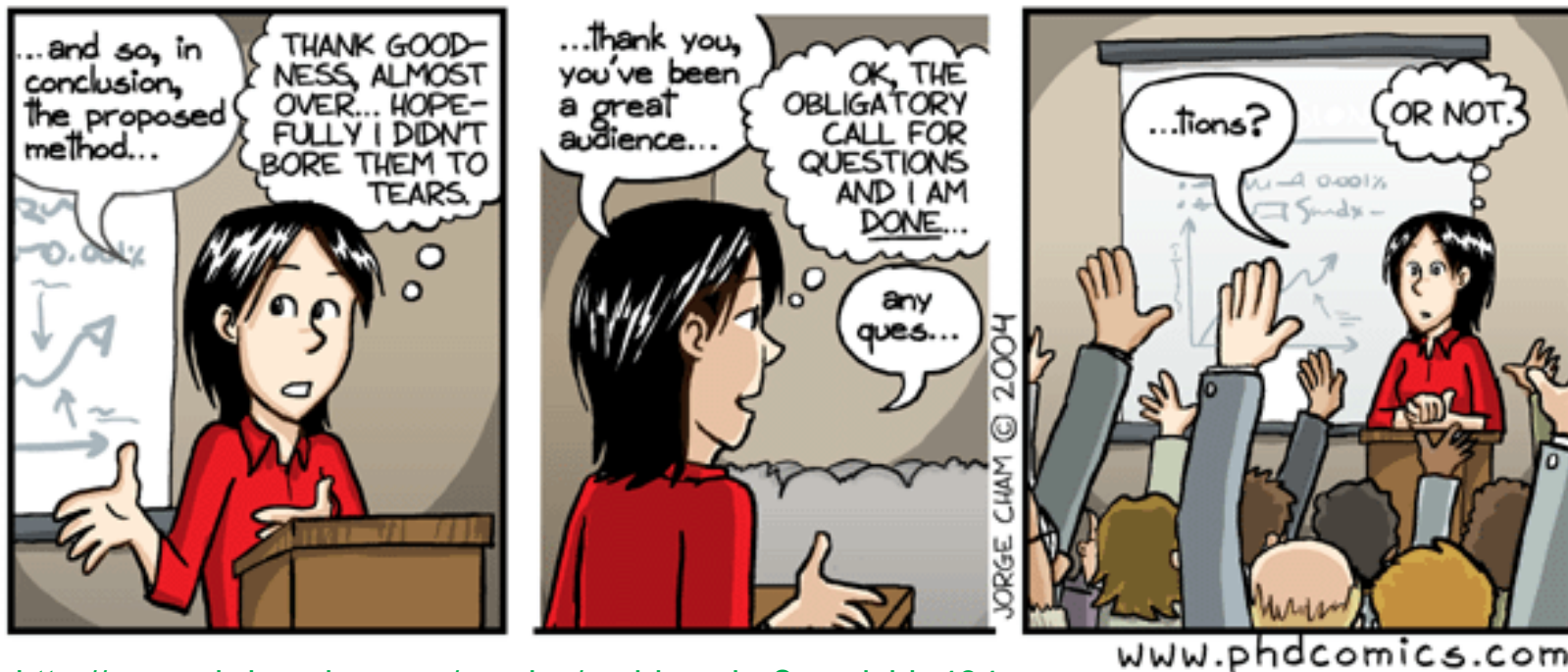
But we can know that if a dataset isn't useable now, it's going to be no use in the future.

Impact needs usability!





Thanks for your attention



<http://www.phdcomics.com/comics/archive.php?comid=494>

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